



Simplifying Expressions



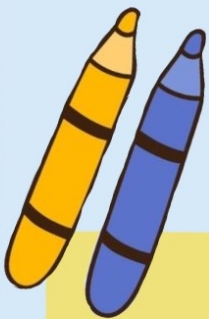
$$x^2 + x + y^2 + 2x$$

(a) $5x + y^2$

(b) $4x^2 + y^2$

(c) $x^2 + 3x + y^2$

(d) $4xy^2$



$$\begin{aligned} x + 3x(10 + y) - 7x - y \\ x + 30 + 3y - 7x - y \\ x - 7x + 3y - y + 30 \\ -6x + 2y + 30 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(y + z) &= xy + xz \\ 4(2a + 3a + 4) + 6b \\ &= 4(5a + 4) + 6b \\ &= 4(5a) + 4 \times 4 + 6b \\ &= 20a + 16 + 6b \\ &= 20a + 6b + 16 \end{aligned}$$



1. Simplify $y + y$



$$\underline{2y} \quad (1)$$

2. Circle the expression that is equal to $y + y + y - y$



$4y$ 3 $2y$ y^2

(1)

3. Simplify $4c + 2c$



$$\underline{6c} \quad (1)$$

4. Simplify $8x - 2x + 4x$



$$\underline{10x} \quad (1)$$

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5. (a) Simplify $a + a + a$



$$\frac{3a}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(b) Simplify $4a + 3a - a$

$$\frac{6a}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(c) Simplify $4ac + 5ac$



$$\frac{9ac}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(d) Simplify $4c - 6c$

$$\frac{-2c}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(e) Simplify $a^2 + a^2$

$$\frac{2a^2}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

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6. Simplify $6y - 5 + 2y$



$$\underline{8y - 5} \quad (1)$$

7. (a) Simplify $m + m + m + m$



$$\underline{4m} \quad (1)$$

(b) Simplify $8c + 2p - 2c + 4p$

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$$\underline{6c + 6p} \quad (2)$$

8. Simplify $3x + 4 - x + 7$



$$\underline{2x + 11} \quad (2)$$

9. Simplify $6a + 5w - 2a + w$



$$4a + 6w$$
$$= 2(2a + 3w)$$

$$\underline{2(2a + 3w)}$$

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10. Simplify $7x - 4y + 8x - y$



$$15x - 5y$$
$$= 5(3x - y)$$

$$\underline{5(3x - y)}$$

(2)

11. (a) Simplify $9y - 3y$



$$\underline{6y}$$

(1)

(b) Simplify $7y + 2w - 3y + 2w$

$$4y + 4w$$

$$\underline{4(y + w)}$$

(2)

(c) Simplify $7y + 10 + 3y - 9$

$$\underline{10y + 1}$$

(2)

12. Simplify $4x + 7y + x - 4y$



$$\underline{5x + 3y}$$

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13. Simplify $5x + y - 2x + y$



$$\frac{3x+2y}{(2)}$$

14. Simplify $3c - 10d - c + 4d$



$$2c-6d \\ = 2(c-3d)$$

$$\frac{2(c-3d)}{(2)}$$

15. Simplify $20x + 3y - 8y - 7x$



$$13x-5y$$

$$\frac{13x-5y}{(2)}$$

16. Simplify $8x - 6y + 3x - 3y$



$$\frac{11x-9y}{(2)}$$

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17. (a) Simplify $s + s + s + s - s$



$$\frac{3s}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

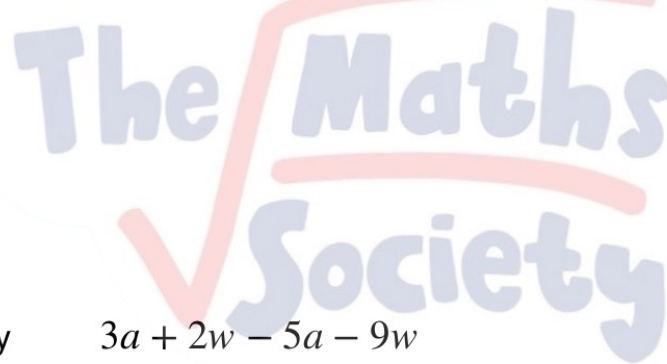
(b) Simplify $5c - 3s + 3c + 7s$

$$8c + 4s$$
$$= 4(2c + s)$$

$$\frac{4(2c + s)}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(2)

(c) Simplify $8a + 3c - 5c + 3a$



$$\frac{11a - 2c}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(2)

(d) Simplify $3a + 2w - 5a - 9w$

$$\frac{-2a - 7w}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(2)

(e) Simplify $3y^2 + 2w^2 + y^2 - w^2$

$$\frac{4y^2 + w^2}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(2)

18. (a) Simplify $2x + 2x$



$$\frac{4x}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(b) Simplify $7w - 2w$

$$\frac{5w}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(c) Simplify $3m - m$

$$\frac{2m}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(d) Simplify $y^2 + y^2 + y^2$

$$\frac{3y^2}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(1)

(e) Simplify $7h + 5k + h - 3k$

$$8h + 2k$$
$$= 2(4h + k)$$

$$\frac{2(4h + k)}{\dots\dots\dots}$$

(2)

19. Troy is simplifying $x^3 + x^3$



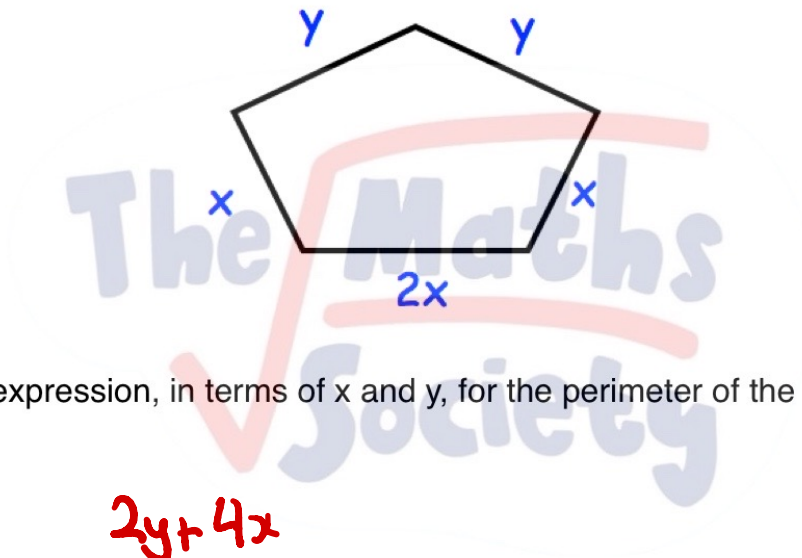
He says the answer is $2x^6$

Explain why Troy is wrong.

It is $2x^3$ because the variable
does not change

(1)

20. Shown is a pentagon.



Find an expression, in terms of x and y , for the perimeter of the pentagon.

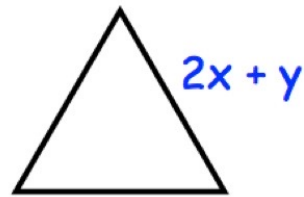
$$2y + 4x$$

$$2(y + 2x)$$

$$\underline{2y + 4x}$$

(2)

21. Shown is a equilateral triangle.



The length of each side is $2x + y$

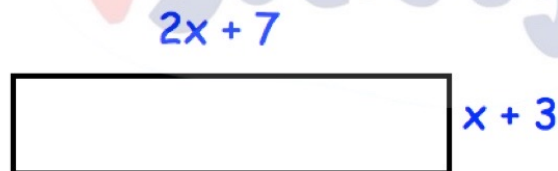
Find an expression, in terms of x and y , for the perimeter of the triangle.

$$3(2x+y)$$
$$= 6x+3y$$

$$\underline{6x+3y}$$

(2)

22. Shown is a rectangle.



Find an expression, in terms of x , for the perimeter of the rectangle.

$$2(2x+7) + 2(x+3)$$
$$= 4x+14+2x+6$$
$$= 6x+20$$

$$\underline{6x+20}$$

(2)

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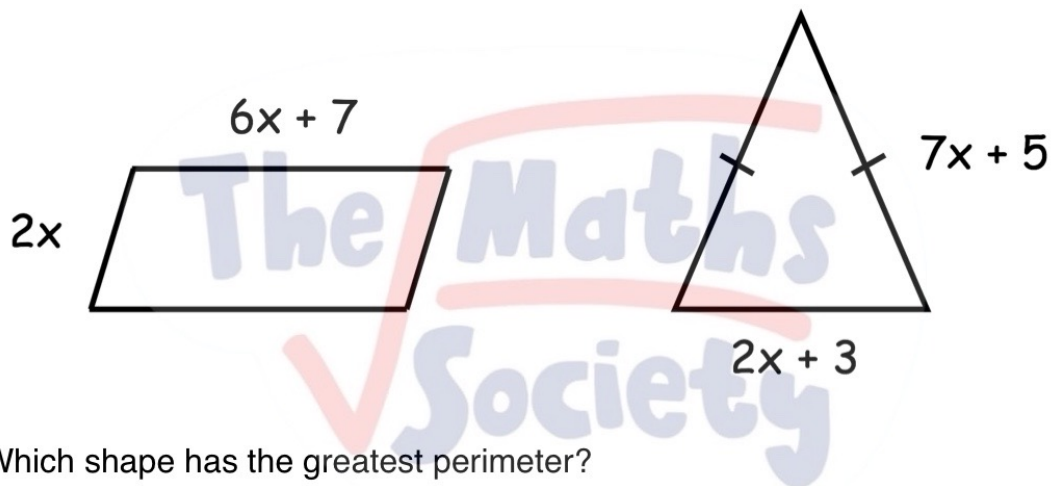
23. Simplify fully $2x^2 + 3x - 1 - x^2 + 2x - 5$



$$x^2 + 5x - 6$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 5x - 6}{(2)}$$

24. Below is a parallelogram and an isosceles triangle.



Which shape has the greatest perimeter?
Show your working.

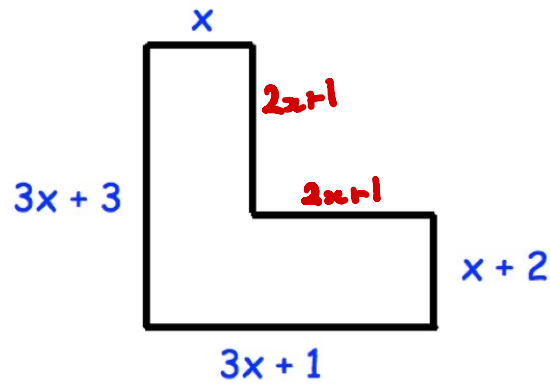
$$2(2x) + 2(6x + 7) = 4x + 12x + 14 \\ = 16x + 14$$

$$2(7x + 5) + 2x + 3 = 14x + 10 + 2x + 3 \\ = 16x + 13$$

$$16x + 14 > 16x + 13$$

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25.



Find an expression, in terms of x , for the perimeter of this L shape.

$$3x+1-x=2x+1$$

$$3x+3-(x+2)=3x+3-x-2=2x+1$$

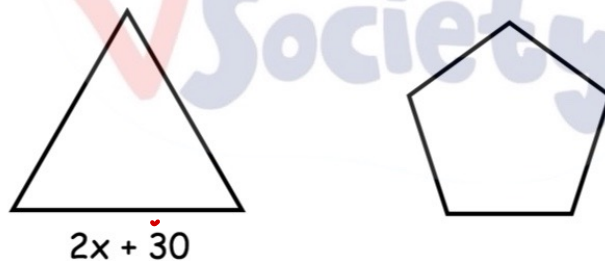
$$\text{Perimeter} = 3x+3 + 3x+1 + x+2 + 2(2x+1) + x$$

$$= 12x+8$$

$$\underline{\underline{12x+8}}$$

(3)

26. Here is an equilateral triangle and a regular pentagon.



The perimeter of the two shapes are equal.

Find an expression for the length of each side of the regular pentagon.

$$3(2x+30) = 6x+90$$

$$\frac{6x+90}{5} = \frac{6}{5}x+18$$

$$\frac{6}{5}x+18$$

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(4)

27. Expand and simplify $3(x + 6) + 8$



$$3x + 18 + 8 = 3x + 26$$

$$\underline{3x + 26}$$

(2)

28. Simplify fully $9(y - 2) + 4y + 3$



$$9y - 18 + 4y + 3$$

$$= 13y - 15$$

$$\underline{13y - 15}$$

(2)

29. Expand and simplify $5(x + 3y) + 2(2x - y)$



$$5x + 15y + 4x - 2y$$

$$= 9x + 13y$$

$$\underline{9x + 13y}$$

(3)

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30. Expand and simplify $3(4x - 1) - 2(x + 4)$



$$12x - 3 - 2x - 8$$

$$= 10x - 11$$

$$\underline{10x - 11}$$

(3)

31. Expand and simplify $3(4x + 8) - (7x - 2)$



$$12x + 24 - 7x + 2$$

$$= 5x + 26$$

$$\underline{5x + 26}$$

(2)

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